

## Problem 24

Let  $\{a_i\}_{i \geq 1}$  be a positive geometric sequence with common ratio  $r$  and  $k^{\text{th}}$  term of 1. Let  $\{b_i\}_{i \geq 1}$  be an arithmetic sequence with common difference  $d$ . If  $\{b_i\}_{i \geq 1} = \{\log(a_i)\}_{i \geq 1}$ , what is  $\frac{b_1}{d}$ ?

# Answer

$$\boxed{1 - k}$$

## Explanation

If the  $k^{\text{th}}$  term of  $\{a_i\}_{i \geq 1}$  is 1, then the closed form in terms of  $n$  is:

$$a_n = r^{1-k} r^{n-1}$$

Thus, the closed form of  $\{b_i\}_{i \geq 1}$  in terms of  $n$  is:

$$b_n = \log(a_n) \Rightarrow b_n = \log(r^{1-k} r^{n-1}) \Rightarrow b_n = \log(r^{1-k} r^{n-1})$$

$$\Rightarrow b_n = (1 - k) \log(r) + (n - 1) \log(r)$$

Thus  $b_1 = (1 - k) \log(r)$  and  $d = \log(r)$ , so

$$\frac{b_1}{d} = \frac{(1 - k) \log(r)}{\log(r)} = 1 - k$$